



Muhammad (570 CE - 632 CE)

- Born in Mecca, brought up by his uncle. He became a merchant.
- During prayer on Mount Hira, Muhammad was visited by Angel Gabriel (Jibril) who recited the words of Allah to him.
- When Muhammad first started preaching - many people did not like. He moved to Madinah to form the first Muslim community.
- Muhammad after years of uniting tribes conquered Mecca.
- Final prophet sent by Allah. • Perfect Muslim example.
- Muhammad gave the Qur'an to humans.

Risalah - means 'message': the way Allah communicates his message to people.



Prophethood - the channel of communication between Allah and humanity.

Adam

- First human on Earth - first prophet.
- Created from the dust of the ground.
- Father of the human race.
- God gave Adam understanding & the name of all things.
- God created Hawwa (Eve) to keep Adam company.

Ibrahim

- Sold small statues (idol Gods).
To test their power - threw them into the river - realised they had no power.
- Ibrahim searched for the truth, then preached about God in public.
- Ibrahim captured & put into a fire - an Angel spoke to him & Allah commanded the fire to cool.
- Ibrahim was willing to sacrifice his only son for Allah - a ram sacrificed instead (festival of Id-ul-Adha remembers this).

ISLAM BELIEFS

Holy Scripture

Ayah - verse of the Qur'an.

Gospel - good news of Isa (Jesus), one of the prophets.

Psalms - holy book revealed by God to David.

Surah - chapter of the Qur'an (114 in total).

Torah - five books revealed to Moses, one of the prophets.

Scrolls of Abraham - holy book revealed to Abraham.

The Qur'an

- The most important holy book - the direct word of Allah.
- Revealed over 23 years to Muhammad.
- Contains all truths, rules / laws, knowledge needed as a Muslim.
- Written in Arabic.



Hadith

- Collections of writings about the life of the Prophet Muhammad and contain his sayings and teachings.



Sunnah

- Found in the Hadith.
- Practices and examples of the Prophet Muhammad - Muslims see these as examples of how to behave.



Beliefs about Allah

- Tawhid - Oneness of God**
“He is God the One” (Surah 112).
- The Sin of Shirk** - any practice of worshipping anything other than God.
 - not forgivable if someone does not seek forgiveness
 - NO visual /image representations of Allah.
 - NO images of prophets.
- Sunni and Shi'a Islam**
- Muhammad - received the Qur'an from Angel Gabriel.
- told people of Mecca to stop worshipping idols.
- moved to Medina to start the first Muslim community.
- After Muhammad died Muslims disagreed over who should succeed him.
- Abu Bakr - a caliph - next leader.
- follow the teachings of the Qur'an & Sunnah.

The Shahadah

“There is no God but Allah, and Muhammad is his messenger.”

Shia Muslims add “and Ali is the friend of God.”

The Supremacy of God's Will

Nothing takes place unless God allows it to happen.

Whether something good or bad happens Muslims believe its God's will.

Muslims try to both accept God's will and to live according to God's will.

Islam Beliefs

The Nature of God

In Islam, Allah has 99 Names, which come from the Qur'an and Hadith.

- Just (Adalat)** - makes sure people receive justice for their actions.
- Omnipotent** - means God (Allah) can do anything.
- Beneficent** - doing good, being generous and kind.
- Merciful** - forgiving when people do wrong.
- Transcendent** - Allah is beyond human understanding. Allah is unknowable.
- Immanence** - Allah is close to humanity and involved in the world.
- Monothelism** - belief in one God.
- Fairness** - part of Allah's nature - treats humans equally and as they deserve.
- Mosque** - the Muslim place of worship.

6 Articles of Faith
5 Roots of 'Usul

6
5

1. Belief in One God (Tawhid).
2. Justice of Allah

3. Prophets.
4. Belief in the Imamate.

5. Belief in judgement.
6. Supremacy of God's Will!



Angels

Nature of Angels

- Heavenly beings created by Allah - made of light.
- Lots of different angels with different roles.
- Tell Allah the behaviour of humans.
- Do not have physical needs e.g. water, food, sleep.
- Completely pure and have no free will.
- Invisible but will show themselves on special occasions.



Role of Angels

Jibril (Gabriel)

- Delivered Allah's messages.
- Revealed the Qur'an to Muhammad.
- A bridge between Allah and humans.

Mikail (Michael)

- Giver of rain which waters the land & helps food grow.
- Guard places of worship & reward good deeds.

Israfeel (Raphael) - blows the trumpet on judgement day.

Malak al Maat - angel of death takes the soul from the body.

Munkar & Nakeer - test people & their faith in their graves.



Predestination

Predestination - the idea that everything that happens is known by Allah.

- Supremacy of Allah's will -

Muslims have to accept bad things as well as good.

Sunni Islam

- Allah has everything written in a 'book of decrees'.
- Allah created all things and the actions of his creatures.
- God has a set plan for everyone - God's perfect knowledge.

Shi'a Islam

- God's knows everything that is going to happen, but does not mean he decides what is going to happen.
- God can see people's choices as he is not restricted by time.

ISLAM BELIEFS

ISLAM



BELIEFS

Day of Judgement

- Allah will resurrect all people who have died & everyone will be judged on their actions.
- Only Allah knows when this day will be.
- Muslim's enter a state of waiting 'barzah' after death.



Life After Death

Paradise (Jannah)

- Live in a state of joy.
- Descriptions include - white, jewels, precious stones, food, flowing rivers of milk & honey.
- People will be united with members of their family.

Hell (Jahannam)

- Place of physical & mental suffering.
- Place of burning fire & boiling water.
- Some parts of the Qur'an talk of seven levels of hell - depending on the seriousness of sins.

Impact of these beliefs

- All humans will be judged on how they live their life.
- Allah will balance the good deeds against bad deeds & decide whether they go to paradise or hell.
- Everyone will be accountable for their actions so justice will be given.