	PT47.1 P16: Space				
Nebula		Cloud of dust and gas from which stars are made	Redshift	•The increase in wavelength of light from distant galaxies.	
Gravity and Thermal Pressure		the two forces that determine whether a star is stable (balanced), shrinking or growing.	Cosmic Microwave Background RadiationLeft over EM radiation from the high energy (very hot!) beginning of the universeLife Cycle ofProtostar		-
Nuclear Fusion		The process of nuclei combining that releases energy in a star (in the main sequence <b>Hydrogen fuses to make Helium</b> ). This requires huge pressure from gravity.			
Makir Eleme	-	All elements <b>up to Iron</b> are made in stars during their lifetime. Elements heavier than iron are only made during a <b>supernova.</b>	Stars:		super t star
Dwar	f Planet	too small to be a planet	White		ernova
Orbit		a path of one object around another	dwarf Black		
Satell	ite	any object which orbits another	dwarf	Neutron star Black hole	
Dopp	ler Effect	The apparent change in wavelength (and frequency) of a wave when the emitter and receiver are moving towards or away from each other	PLANETS		
Big Ba	ang	A <b>theory</b> that the universe began as a very small, very hot <b>singularity.</b>	Careb	Puto provide the planets planets provide the planets p	