



Exmouth Community College

Spanish – Year 7 Me presento y mi burbuja

Knowledge Organiser





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 Spanish – Year 7 Me presento
 Knowledge Organiser Contents page



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Spanish – Year 7 Mi burbuja
Knowledge Organiser Contents page



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In Class

Quiz your neighbour	Your teacher will tell you which section to focus on. Test each other.
Low stakes quiz	Sometimes your teacher will prepare a quick quiz for you at the start of the lesson.
Key words	As you come across key words in lessons, tick them off. Record them in your book.
Key words in context	Sometimes your teacher will ask you to practice writing sentences using key words/vocabulary/grammar.
Meanings/Spelling test	Sometimes your teacher will give you a meaning/spelling test on the key words/vocabulary/grammar.
References	If you get stuck, check whether the information you need is here.
Extended writing	Incorporate the information you have learnt into long pieces of writing to show more specialist in depth knowledge.
Knowledge test	Once a term, your teacher will give you a test to see how well you have learnt the information. These marks will help your teacher decide how you are progressing against your KS3 target colour.

At home

40 minutes per week	Your teacher will tell you which section to learn each week.
Quiz Yourself	Sometimes your teacher will prepare a quick quiz for you at the start of the lesson.
Create flashcards	Turn the information into flashcards (Spanish – English). You could also include pictures.
Quizlet	Use Quizlet to help you learn the vocabulary.
Application	Once you have learnt the information on the Knowledge Organiser, your teacher will test you in the next lesson. This could be in the form of a test/quiz etc.. You can also apply your knowledge to improve your classwork/homework, especially longer pieces of writing, by adding more specialist knowledge.
Revise	Use your flashcards/quizlet/exercise book & booklets/Knowledge Organiser etc... to revise regularly as you will be tested on your progress in lessons (weekly/once a term).



**¡¡Me
presento!!**

Hola!



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Spanish – Unit 1 (Me presento)

1- Pronunciación - pronunciation



Las vocales - the vowels:

A = (ah) cama (cah-mah), mamá,

E = (eh) tele (teh-leh), pelea (peh-leh-ah), me (meh)

I = (ee) vivir, (bee-bee-r)

o = (oh) toro (toh-roh), morena (moh-reh-nah)

U = (oo) tu (too), abuela (ah-boo-eh-lah)



It is important to remember that in Spanish every letter has a sound and therefore, every letter needs to be pronounced.



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Spanish - Unit 1 (Me presento)

1- Pronunciación - pronunciation

Las consonants - the consonants

H - the "h" is silent, that is, you don't pronounce it - hola (oh-lah)



J - It sound like a "h" in English - Jardín (hahr-den),



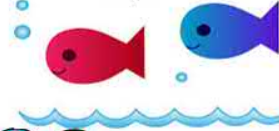
espejo (ehs-peh-hoh)



Ñ - It sounds like a "ny" - araña (ah-rah-nyah)



Ce - It sounds like "th-eh" peces (peh-th-ehs)



Ci - It sounds like "th-ee"; cien (th-ee-ehn),



rr - to produce this sound, you need to roll your Rs; perro (peh-rrroh)




, gorro (goh-rrrrroh)



quí - quince (keen-th-eh) 

que - (keh) pequeño (peh-keh-ny-oh) 

Ɔl - it sounds like a “y/j”. Ɔlave (jah-beh) 
pollo (poh-joh) 

Y - on its own sounds like an “i” (ee), with a vowel sounds like
a “ll” - mayonesa (mah-joh-neh-sah) 

Finally, both “b” and “v” sound like a “b”. Bala (bha-lah) 
vino (bee-noh). 



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Spanish - Unit 1 (Me presento)

1.1 El alfabeto - the alphabet



El Alfabeto



Aa **Bb** **Cc** **Dd** **Ee** **Ff** **Gg**

ah beh theh deh eh efeh heh

Hh **Ii** **Jj** **Kk** **Ll** **Mm** **Nn**

acheh ee hota kah eleh emeh eneh

Ññ **Oo** **Pp** **Qq** **Rr** **Ss** **Tt**

enye h oh peh koo ereh eseh teh

Uu **Vv** **Ww** **Xx** **Yy** **Zz**

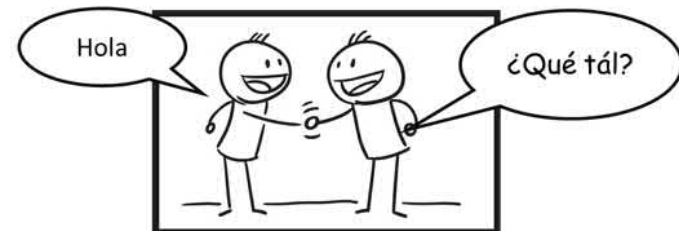
oo ooveh ooveh dobleh ekis ee griehga theta



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Spanish - Unit 1 (Me presento)

1.2 ¿Qué tal? - How are you?



Me presento	
Hola	Hello
¿Qué tal?	How is it going?
¿Cómo estás?	How are you?
¿Cómo te llamas?	What is your name?
¿Cómo se escribe?	How do you spell it?

Me presento	
Hola	Hello
Estoy bien	I am fine
Estoy fatal	Awful
Estoy fenomenal	I am fantastic
Estoy regular	alright
Me llamo	My name is
Se escribe	It is spelt



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Spanish - Unit 1 (Me presento)

1.3 Los números del 1 al 30 - Numbers from 1 to 30

1 - uno
2 - dos
3 - tres
4 - cuatro
5 - cinco
6 - seis
7 - siete
8 - ocho
9 - nueve
10 - diez
11 - once
12 - doce
13 - trece
14 - catorce
15 - quince
16 - dieciséis
17 - diecisiete
18 - dieciocho
19 - diecinueve
20 - veinte

Los números



21 - veintiuno
22 - veintidós
23 - veintitrés
24 - veinticuatro
25 - veinticinco
26 - veintiséis
27 - veintisiete
28 - veintiocho
29 - veintinueve
30 - treinta



Tener - to have

Tengo	I have
Tienes	You have
Tiene	He/she has
Tenemos	We have
Tenéis	You all have
tienen	They have





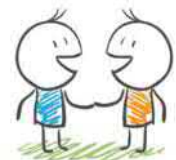
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Spanish - Unit 1 (Me presento)

1.4 ¿Cuántos años tienes? - How old are you?

In spanish, we have or own our age.

¿Cuántos años tienes?	How old are you?
Tengo siete años	I am seven years old
¿Cuántos años tiene?	How old is he/she
Tiene 12 años	He/she is 12 years old
¿Cuántos años tenemos?	How old are we?
Tenemos quince años	We are 15 years old
¿Cuántos años tenéis?	How old are you all?
Tenemos trece años	We are 13 years old
¿Cuántos años tienen?	How old are they?
Tienen diez años	They are 10 years old.





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Spanish – Unit 1 (Me presento)

1.5 Los días de la semana y los meses del año – Days of the week and months of the year



 días de la semana semana	
Lunes	Monday
Martes	Tuesday
Miércoles	Wednesday
Jueves	Thursday
Viernes	Friday
Sábado	Saturday
Domingo	Sunday



 ¡Los Meses del Año!	
Enero	January
Febrero	February
Marzo	March
Abril	April
Mayo	May
Junio	June
Julio	July
Agosto	August
Septiembre	September
Octubre	October
Noviembre	November
Diciembre	December





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Spanish – Unit 1 (Me presento)

1.6 ¿Cuándo es tu cumpleaños? – When is your birthday?

Unlike English, months of the year are not in capitals if they are in the middle of a sentence.



¿Cuándo es tu cumpleaños?

23/7	Mi cumpleaños es el veintitres de julio	My birthday is on the 23 th of July
15/10	Mi cumpleaños es el quince de octubre	My birthday is on the 15 th of October
8/1	Mi cumpleaños es el ocho de enero	My birthday is on the 8 th of January
31/12	Mi cumpleaños es el treinta y uno de diciembre	My birthday is on the 31 st of December
19/5	Mi cumpleaños es el diecinueve de mayo	My birthday is on the 19 th of May

¿Cuándo es tu cumpleaños?
Mi cumpleaños es el ... de...

When is your birthday
My birthday is the (day) of (month).



<u>Mi</u> cumpleaños	<u>My</u> birthday
<u>Tu</u> cumpleaños	<u>Your</u> birthday
<u>Su</u> cumpleaños	<u>His/her</u> birthday

¡¡OJO!!
(watch out!!)





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Spanish – Unit 1 (Me presento)

1.7 los colores y la concordancia – colours and agreements

Los colores				
	masculino	femenino	Masculino plural	Femenino plural
red	rojo	roja	rojos	rojas
yellow	amarillo	amarilla	amarillos	amarillas
White	blanco	blanca	blancos	blancas
Black	negro	negra	negros	negras
Purple	morado	morada	morados	Moradas
Green	verde	verde	verdes	Verdee
Blue	azul	azul	azules	Azules
Brown	marrón	marrón	marrones	marrones
Grey	gris	gris	grises	grises
Orange	naranja	naranja	naranjas	Naranjas
pink	rosa	rosa	rosas	rosas

¡¡OJO!!

(watch out!!)



Adjectives have to agree with the noun in gender, that is, they have to be either masculine or feminine. To make an adjective feminine, just change the "o" for an "a". To make the plural, just add an "s".



Las Opiniones	
Me gusta	I like
Me encanta	I love
Odio	I hate
No me gusta	I don't like
Me fastidia	It annoys me
Me mola	I kinda like a lot

Mi opinión



To give opinions about colours, you need to put the article "el" in front of the colour.

Me gusta <u>el</u> amarillo	I like yellow
Odio <u>el</u> verde	I hate green
Me mola <u>el</u> naranja	I kinda like orange a lot

¡¡OJO!!
(watch out!!)



15












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¡¡OJO!!
(watch out!!)



En la clase

Un cuaderno 	An exercise book
Un bolígrafo/boli (for short) 	A pen
Un libro 	A book
Un estuche 	A pencil case
Un lapicero/lápiz (for short) 	A pencil
Un sacapuntas 	sharpener
Una hoja de papel 	A sheet of paper
Una goma 	A rubber
Una regla 	A ruler

Nouns in Spanish are either masculine or feminine. If a noun ends in any of the following letters **RONSEL** is 99% of the time masculine. If a noun ends in **"a"**, is 99% of the time feminine.

Los artículos determinados e indeterminados

El (masculine)	The
La (feminine)	The
Un (masculine)	A
Una (feminine)	A

El lápiz es rojo	The pencil is red
La regla es amarilla	The ruler is yellow
Tengo un estuche	I have a pencil case
No tengo una goma	I don't have a rubber

Year 7 Spanish Most Common Mistakes!

Greetings and self-introductions

English	Spanish	Check!
My name is	Me llamo	Spelling & pronunciation. Punctuation = ¿?, accent Punctuation Spelling & pronunciation
How are you?	¿Qué tal?	
Hi!	¡Hola!	
I am 12	Tengo 12 años	



Numbers

English	Spanish	Check!
4	cuatro	Spelling & pronunciation!
5	cinco	
6	seis	
7	siete	
9	nueve	
10	diez	
20	veinte	



We **have** our age:

Tengo 12 años

Birthday/Date

To tell your birthday, remember this pattern

Mi cumpleaños es **el 18 de** (of) **noviembre.**

Remember to check **NOT** capital letters on the month.

Remember the **days of the week!**

lunes, martes, miércoles, jueves, viernes, sábado, domingo

Opinions

English	Spanish	Check!
I like	Me gusta	Me ahead of gusta No ahead of the verb NO <u>me</u> ahead of odio
I don't like	No me gusta	
I hate	Odio	



Colours!

To express your **opinion** about them, remember to put **el** ahead of the colour.

Me gusta **el** verde

School equipment

English	Spanish	Check!
A sheet of paper	Una hoja	Silent h and feminine Accent and plural masculine and spelling
Pencil - pencils	Lápiz-lápices	
A pencil case	Un estuche	



Colour endings
 blanco = **masculine**
 blanca = **feminine**
 blancos = **masculine plural**
 blancas = **feminine plural**
 *marrón, azul, verde, gris, naranja and rosa don't change gender, only number.

Animals and family

English	Spanish	Check!
A dog	Un perro	Spelling, single r = pero = but Mum & dad are two different words but for the rest of relatives just change the o for an a to make the feminine.
My dad	Mi padre	
My mum	Mi madre	
My brother	Mi hermano	
My sister	Mi hermana	



Check word order! Tengo **los ojos azules**= I have **blue eyes**

Adjectives always follow the nouns!!







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Spanish – Unit 2 (Mi burbuja)

2.1 Contamos hasta 1,000,000 – We count to 1,000,000



30 – treinta
31 – treinta y uno
32 – treinta y dos
33 – treinta y tres

40 – cuarenta
41 – cuarenta y uno
42 – cuarenta y dos
43 – cuarenta y tres

50 – cincuenta
53 – cincuenta y tres
59 – cincuenta y nueve

60 – sesenta
61 – sesenta y uno
66 – sesenta y seis

70 – setenta
76 – setenta y seis
75 – setenta y cinco

80 – ochenta
83 – ochenta y tres
87 – ochenta y siete

90 – noventa
91 – noventa y uno
92 – noventa y dos
92 – noventa y tres
94 – noventa y cuatro
95 – noventa y cinco
96 – noventa y seis
97 – noventa y siete
98 – noventa y ocho
99 – noventa y nueve
100 – cien

101 – ciento uno
102 – ciento dos
128 – ciento ocho
167 – ciento sesenta y siete

200 – doscientos
289 – doscientos ochenta y nueve
273 – doscientos setenta y tres

300 – trescientos
334 – trescientos treinta y cuatro

400 – cuatrocientos
458 – cuatrocientos cincuenta y ocho

Los números



500 – quinientos
593 – quinientos noventa y tres

600 – seiscientos

700 – setecientos

800 – ochocientos

900 – novecientos

1000 – mil

2000 – dos mil
15,000 – quince mil

1,000,000 – un millón
2,000,000 – dos millones



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Spanish – Unit 2 (Mi burbuja)

2.2 Mi familia y adjetivos posesivos – My family and possessive adjectives

¡¡OJO!!
(watch
out!!)



La familia – the family		La familia – the family	
El padre	The father	Hija única	‘Only child (girl)
La madre	The mother	El tío	The uncle
Los padres	The parents	La tía	The aunt
El abuelo	The grandfather	Los tíos	The uncle and aunt
La abuela	The grandmother	El primo	The male cousin
Los abuelos	The grandparents	La prima	The female cousin
El hermano	The brother	Los primos	The cousins
La hermana	The sister	El padrastro	The stepfather
Los hermanos	The siblings	La madrastra	The stepmother
El hijo	The son	El hemanastro	The stepbrother
La hija	The daughter	La hermanastra	The stepsister
Los hijos	The children	El novio	The boyfriend
Hijo único	Only child (boy)	La novia	The girlfriend

Adjetivos posesivos		
Singular	plural	
Mi	Mis	My
Tu	Tus	Your
Su	Sus	His/her
Mi madre	My mother	
Mis padres	My parents	
Su hijo	His/her son	
Tus hermanos	Your siblings	
Sus abuelos	His/her grandparents	



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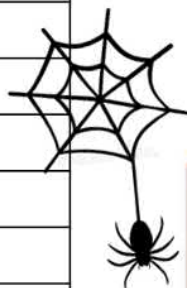
Spanish – Unit 2 (Mi burbuja)

2.3 Los animales y las mascotas – animals and pets



When describing animals, you need to make sure that the adjective goes after the noun and that also agrees in gender and number with it.

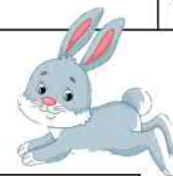
Los animales/las mascotas	
Un perro	A dog
Un gato	A cat
Un pájaro	A bird
Un caballo	A horse
Un ratón	A mouse
Un conejo	A rabbit
Un pez	A fish
Una serpiente	A snake
Una Tortuga	A tortoise
Una cobaya	A guinea pig
Una araña	A spider
Una rata	A rat



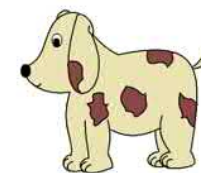
¡¡OJO!!
(watch out!!)

To make a sentence negative, that is, using "don't/doesn't", simply put the word "no" in front of the verb.

Tengo una Tortuga amarilla	I have a yellow tortoise/turtle
Mi perro es negro	My dog is black
Tengo tres pájaros verdes	I have three green birds
Tengo cinco arañas blancas	I have five white spiders



<u>No</u> tengo animales.	I don't have any animals
<u>No</u> tengo un perro.	I don't have a dog
Tengo una tortuga pero <u>no</u> tengo un gato.	I have a tortoise, but I don't have a cat.





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Spanish – Unit 2 (Mi burbuja)

2.4 Los ojos y el pelo – Eyes and hair

Los ojos y el pelo

Los ojos	The eyes
El pelo	The hair
El pelo rubio	Blonde hair
El pelo castaño	Brown hair
El pelo negro	Black hair
El pelo pelirrojo	Red hair
El pelo rizado	Curly hair
El pelo liso	Straight hair
El pelo largo	Long hair
El pelo corto	Short hair
Calvo	Bald
El pelo ondulado	Wavy hair
Gafas	Glasses
Barba	Beard
Bigote	Moustache



Tengo los ojos verdes	I have green eyes
Tiene el pelo rubio	He/she has blonde hair
Tenemos el pelo corto	We have short hair
Tienes los ojos azules	You have blue eyes
Tenéis los ojos negros	You all have black eyes
Tiene los ojos negros y el pelo largo y rizado	He/she has black eyes and long curly hair
No tenemos el pelo castaño, tenemos el pelo pelirrojo	We don't have brown hair, we have red hair.

Tener – to have	
Tengo	I have
Tienes	You have
Tiene	He/she has
Tenemos	We have
Tenéis	You all have
tienen	They have

¡¡OJO!!

(watch out!!)



Just like with animals, when describing eyes and hair you need to make sure that the adjective goes after the noun and that also agrees in gender and number with it. Eyes are always plural so the colour has to be in the plural.





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Spanish - Unit 2 (Mi burbuja)

El verbo SER - the verb To Be

El verbo "Ser" - The verb "To be"

Soy	I am
Eres	You are
Es	He/she is
Somos	We are
Sois	You all are
Son	They are

¿Ser o no ser?



¡¡OJO!!



(watch out!!)

The verb "To be" in English has two different translations in Spanish. In this case, we translate it as "Ser". We use it when we are describing qualities, personality or physical appearance. Unlike English, when using it, we don't need to say I, you, he/she, we, you or they. The verb itself implies any of them. So, to say it is = es, we are = somos, etc.





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Spanish – Unit 2 (Mi burbuja)

2.5 Las descripciones físicas – Physical descriptions

Vocabulario	
El príncipe	The prince
La princesa	The princess
El caballero	The knight
El rey	The king
El enano	The dwarf
La reina	The queen
Las pecas	freckles
El bigote	The moustache
El trol	Troll/goblin



Adjetivos descriptivos	
Alto/a	Tall
Baja/a	Short
Gordo/a	Fat
Delgado/a	Thin
Mediano/a	Middle size
Guapo/a	Handsome/pretty
Feo/a	Ugly
Musculoso/a	Muscley
Jóven	Young
Viejo/a	old
Pequeño	Small
Grande	Big



Intensificadores	
Un poco	A little bit
Muy	Very
Bastante	Quite
Súper	really
Ni.....ni	Neither.....nor



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Spanish - Unit 2 (Mi burbuja)

2.6 Mi carácter y relaciones - my character and relationships

Adjetivos de personalidad

Simpático/a	Nice
Antipático/a	Unfriendly
Aburrido/a	Boring
Divertido/a	Funny
Perezoso/a	Lazy
Tonto/a	Silly
Tímido/a	Shy
Activo/a	Active
Nervioso/a	Nervous
Sincero/a	Sincere



estúpido	stupid
Agresivo/a	aggressive
Honesto/a	honest
Alegre	Happy
Torpe	Clumsy
inteligente	intelligent
Popular	popular
Entusiasta	Enthusiastic
Arrogante	arrogant



Adverbios de frecuencia

Siempre	Always
A veces	Sometimes
A menudo	Often
Raras veces	Rarely
Nunca	Never





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Spanish - Unit 2 (Mi burbuja)

2.7 La Navidad en España - Christmas in Spain



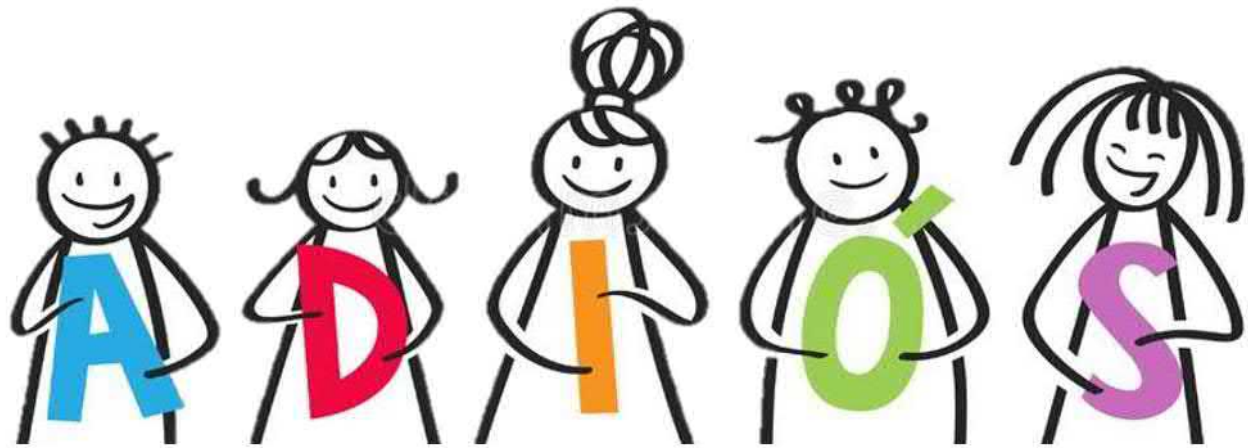
Las tradiciones de Navidad - Christmas traditions

El sorteo de Navidad	Christmas lottery
El Día de Navidad	Christmas day
El Día de Reyes	The king's day
El Día de los Inocentes	Fools' day
La Noche Vieja	New Year's day
La Noche Buena	Christmas Eve
El árbol de Navidad	Christmas Tree
Las decoraciones	The decorations
El Nacimiento	The Nativity
Las doce uvas	The twelve grapes
La cena	The dinner
Los regalos	The presents
Papá Noel	Father Christmas
La cabalgata de Reyes	Christmas Parade
Los Villancicos	Christmas songs



Los verbos de Navidad

decorar	To decorate
Jugar a la lotería	To play the lottery
Ganar la lotería	To win the lottery
Traer regalos	To bring presents
Acostarse temprano	To go to bed early
Ir de cotillón	To go partying on New year's Eve.



 **B** **U** **E** **N** **A** **Y** **S** **U** **E** **R** **T** **E** 

