Discovery – Yr 7 / Literacy

Fiction Writing Language Subject Terminology

Word Classes			
Noun	Identifies a person, place of thing.		
Verb	Describes an action (jump), event (happen), situation (be) or change (evolve).		
Adjective	Describes a noun (happy girl, grey wall).		
Adverb	Gives information about a verb (jump quickly), adjective (very pretty)		
Pre modifier	A word before the noun (usually an adjective or adverb) which adds to/changes the meaning of the noun.		
Post modifier	A word after the noun (usually an adjective or adverb) which adds to/changes the meaning of the noun.		

Sentence Structures		
Simple	A sentence with one independent	
	clause.	
	"She went to the shop."	
Compound	A sentence with multiple independent	
	clauses. 2 simple sentences joined by a	
	conjunction.	
	"She went to the shop and bought a	
	banana"	
Complex	A sentence with one independent	
	clause and at least one subordinate	
	clause. "Sometimes, when she goes to	
	the shop, she likes to buy a banana."	

Structural Devices/voice Limited External narrator with 3rd person knowledge of one character's feelings (he). Omniscient External narrator-3rd person knowledge of more than one character's feelings (he). Told from a character's 1st person perspective (I). 2nd person Directed to the reader (you).



Finding Out

Kensuke's Kingdom – Who is Michael? Where did their adventure take them?



Oxymoron

Autumn 2 - Fiction Writing

Past Tense	Present Tense	Future Tense
	moment of writing	
•	*	•
worked	work	will work
PAST SIMPLE	PRESENT SIMPLE	FUTURE SIMPLE
←	←	-
had worked	have worked	will have worked
PAST PERFECT	PRESENT PERFECT	FUTURE PERFECT
~	~	~
was working	am working	will be working
PAST CONTINUOUS	PRESENT CONTINUOUS	FUTURE CONTINUOUS
~	~	~
had been working	have been working	will have been working
PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS	PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS	FUTURE PERFECT CONTINUOU

Language Techniques			
Hyperbole	The use of extreme exaggeration.		
Imagery	When the writer provides mental "pictures".		
Alliteration	A repeated letter or sound at the beginning of		
	two or more words.		
Personification	Giving human traits to something non-human.		
Repetition	When a word, phrase or idea is repeated.		
Simile	Something is presented as like something else.		
Symbolism	An idea is reflected by an object/character etc.		
List (of three)	A number of connected items (three= effect).		
Metaphor	Something is presented as something else.		

Contradictory terms together "bittersweet".