



Exmouth Community College

Spanish – Year 8 En casa

Knowledge Organiser



## Spanish – Year 8 tiempo libre

### Knowledge Organiser Contents page



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### In Class

<b>Quiz your neighbour</b>	Your teacher will tell you which section to focus on. Test each other.
<b>Low stakes quiz</b>	Sometimes your teacher will prepare a quick quiz for you at the start of the lesson.
<b>Key Words</b>	As you come across key words in lessons, tick them off. Record them in your book.
<b>Key words in context</b>	Sometimes your teacher will ask you to practice writing sentences using key words/vocabulary/grammar.
<b>Meanings/Spelling test</b>	Sometimes your teacher will give you a meaning/spelling test on the key words/vocabulary/grammar.
<b>References</b>	If you get stuck, check whether the information you need is here.
<b>Extended writing</b>	Incorporate the information you have learnt into long pieces of writing to show more specialist in depth knowledge.
<b>Knowledge test</b>	Once a term, your teacher will give you a test to see how well you have learnt the information. These marks will help your teacher decide how you are progressing against your KS3 target colour.

### At home

<b>40 minutes per week</b>	Your teacher will tell you which section to learn each week.
<b>Quiz Yourself</b>	Sometimes your teacher will prepare a quick quiz for you at the start of the lesson.
<b>Create flashcards</b>	Turn the information into flashcards (Spanish – English). You could also include pictures.
<b>Quizlet</b>	Use Quizlet to help you learn the vocabulary.
<b>Application</b>	Once you have learnt the information on the Knowledge Organiser, your teacher will test you in the next lesson. This could be in the form of a test/quiz etc.. You can also apply your knowledge to improve your classwork/homework, especially longer pieces of writing, by adding more specialist knowledge.
<b>Revise</b>	Use your flashcards/quizlet/exercise book & booklets/Knowledge Organiser etc... to revise regularly as you will be tested on your progress in lessons (weekly/once a term).



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Spanish –Donde vivo yo

Vivir – to live		
yo	vivo	I live
tú	vives	You live
él/ella	vive	He/She lives
nosotros	vivimos	We live
vosotros	vivís	You live
ellos/ellas	viven	They live

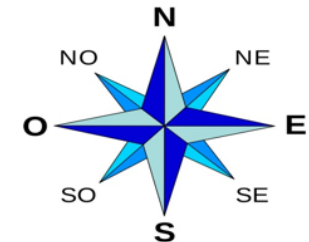


Donde vivo yo – Where I live	
antiguo/a	old
histórico/a	historic
moderno/a	modern
pesquero/a	fishing
turístico/a	touristy
concurrido/a	busy
animado/a	lively

Donde vivo yo – Where I live	
las afueras	outskirts
la aldea	village
el campo	countryside
el centro	centre
la ciudad	city
la costa	coast
el desierto	desert
la isla	island
el mar	sea
la montaña	mountain
la playa	beach
el pueblo	town
vivir	to live
la zona	area



Donde vivo yo – Where I live	
la brújula	compass
el este	east
el noreste	northeast
el noroeste	northwest
el norte	north
el oeste	west
los puntos cardinales	compass points
el sur	south
el sureste	southeast
el suroeste	southwest





Exmouth Community College  
Spanish – Mi casa es tu casa/Pasa pasa a mi casa



Vivir – to live		
yo	vivo	I live
tú	vives	You live
él/ella	vive	He/She lives
nosotros	vivimos	We live
vosotros	vivís	You live
ellos/ellas	viven	They live

**¡Pasa, pasa a mi casa!**

el aseo	toilet
el ático	attic
el balcón	balcony
el baño	bathroom
la cocina	kitchen
el comedor	dining room
la cocina-comedor	kitchen diner
el dormitorio	bedroom
las escaleras	stairs
el garaje	garage
el jardín	garden
el pasillo	hall, corridor
el salón	living room
el trastero	storage room
situarse en	to be situated in



**Mi casa es tu casa – My house is your house**

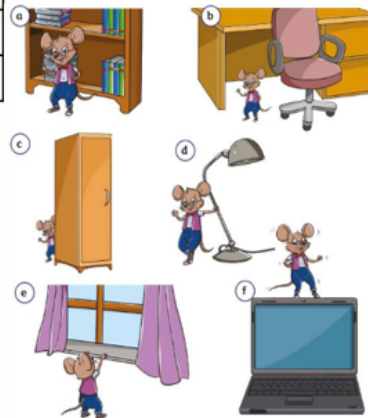
el apartamento	flat
el área	area
el bloque	block
la caravana	caravan
la casa	house
la casa de campo	country house
el castillo	castle
el chalet	villa
la granja	farm
el piso	flat
el rascacielos	skyscraper
la región	region
la vista	view
bonito/a	pretty
cómodo/a	comfortable
espacioso/a	spacious
lujoso/a	luxurious
nuevo/a	new
viejo/a	old





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Spanish – **Mi habitación es mi reino/ Mi casa de ensueño**

Mi habitación es mi reino		Las preposiciones - prepositions	
los muebles	furniture	al lado de	next to
el armario	wardrobe	debajo de	underneath
la cama	bed	delante de	in front of
el escritorio	desk	detrás de	behind
el espejo	mirror	encima de	on top of
la estantería	shelves, bookcase	entre	between
la lámpara	lamp	a la derecha de	to the right of
la mesa	table	a la izquierda de	to the left of
el ordenador	computer	en el centro	in the centre
el póster	poster		
la silla	chair		
la ventana	window		



	Estar – to be	
<b>yo</b>	estoy	I am
<b>tú</b>	estás	You are
<b>él/ella</b>	está	He/She is
<b>nosotros</b>	estamos	We are
<b>vosotros</b>	estáis	You are
<b>ellos/ellas</b>	están	They are



**Mi casa de ensueño**

la caseta	kennel
el cine	cinema
el estudio	study
la piscina	swimming pool
el trampolín	trampoline
la ubicación	location

**El condicional**

estaría	I/it would be
habría	There would be
me gustaría	I would like
sería	I/it would be
tendría	I/it would have

**Mi casa de ensueño**

enorme	enormous
exótico/a	exotic
impresionante	impressive
luminoso/a	bright
privado/a	private



**Exmouth Community College**  
**Spanish –Ayudo en casa**

**Ayudo en casa – I help at home**

Las tareas domésticas	Household tasks/chores
Los trabajos	Jobs



**Verbos**

fregar	To wash
hacer	To do
limpiar	To clean
planchar	To iron
repartir	To share



**Adjetivos**

fácil	easy
horrible	horrible
perezoso/a	lazy
relajante	relaxing



**Las tareas domésticas**

Corto el césped	I mow the lawn
Hago la colada	I do the washing
Lavo/friego los platos	I wash the dishes
Ordeno mi dormitorio	I tidy my bedroom
Paso la aspiradora	I Hoover
Pongo la mesa	I lay the table
Quito el polvo	I dust
Quito la mesa	I clear the table
Plancho la ropa	I iron



**Las expresiones de tiempo**

Una vez	Once
Dos veces	Twice
Al día	Per day
A la semana	Per week
Al mes	Per month
Todos los días	Every day
Cada día	Every day
Cada semana	Every week





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Spanish –  
La ropa

Colours!



Color	masculino	femenino	plural, masc	plural, fem
red	rojo	roja	rojos	rojas
black	negro	negra	negros	negras
white	blanco	blanca	blancos	blancas
yellow	amarillo	amarilla	amarillos	amarillas
purple	morado	morada	morados	moradas
pink	rosa	rosa	rosas	rosas
orange	naranja	naranja	naranjas	naranjas
blue	azúl	azúl	azules	azules
green	verde	verde	verdes	verdes
brown	marrón	marrón	marrones	marrones
grey	gris	gris	grises	grises

La ropa	
Unos pantalons	Trousers
Unos vaqueros	Jeans
Un vestido	A dress
Una falda	A skirt
Unos pantalones cortos	Shorts
Una camisa	A shirt
Una camiseta	A t-shirt
Un jersey	A jumper
Una chaqueta	A jacket
Un traje	A suit
Un abrigo	A coat
Una gorra	A cap
Una corbata	A tie
Unos zapatos	Shoes
Unas zapatillas	Trainers
Unos calcetines	Socks
Un cinturón	A belt
Una bolsa (de mano)	A handbag
Unas sandalias	Sandals
Unos zapatos de tacón	High heels
El pijama	PIs
Un sombrero	A hat
Unas chanclas	Flip flops

Vestirse – to get dressed			
yo	me	visto	I get dressed
tú	te	vistes	You get dressed
él/ella	se	viste	He/She gets dressed
nosotros	nos	vestimos	We get dressed
vosotros	os	vestís	You get dressed
ellos/ellas	se	visten	They get dressed







## Colours!

To express your opinion about them, remember to put **el** ahead of the colour.

Me gusta **el** amarillo

### Colour endings

blanco = **masculine**  
blanca = **feminine**  
blancos = **masculine plural**  
blancas = **feminine plural**  
\*marrón, azul, verde, gris, naranja and rosa don't change gender, only number.

## Year 7 Most Common Mistakes!

### Greetings and self-introductions

English	Spanish	Check!
My name is	Me llamo	Spelling & pronunciation.
How are you?	¿Qué tal?	Punctuation = ¿?, accent
Hi!	¡Hola!	Punctuation
I am 12	Tengo 12 años	Spelling & pronunciation



Remember the **days of the week!**

lunes, martes, miércoles, jueves, viernes, sábado, domingo



### Opinions

English	Spanish	Check!
I like	Me gusta	Me ahead of gusta
I don't like	No me gusta	No ahead of the verb
I hate	Odio	NO <b>me</b> ahead of odio

We **have** our age:  
Tengo 12 años



### Numbers

English	Spanish	Check!
4	cuatro	Spelling & pronunciation! 
5	cinco	
6	seis	
7	siete	
9	nueve	
10	diez	
20	veinte	



### Birthday/Date

To tell your birthday, remember this pattern  
Mi cumpleaños es **el 18 de** (of) **noviembre**.

Remember to check **NOT** capital letters on the month.

### School equipment



English	Spanish	Check!
A sheet of paper	Una hoja	Silent <b>h</b> and feminine
Pencil - pencils	Lápiz-lápices	Accent and plural
A pencil case	Un estuche	masculine and spelling



### Animals and family

English	Spanish	Check!
A dog	Un perro	Spelling, single r = pero = but
My dad	Mi padre	Mum & dad are two different words but
My mum	Mi madre	for the rest of relatives just change the <b>o</b> for an <b>a</b> to make the feminine.
My brother	Mi hermano	Masculine
My sister	Mi hermana	Feminine



Check word order! Tengo **los ojos azules**= I have **blue eyes**  
Adjectives always follow the nouns!!





## Year 8 Most Common Mistakes!

### Mi tiempo libre- My free time

English	Spanish	Check!
To talk on the phone	chatear <b>en</b> el móvil	Spelling & pronunciation. Punctuation = ¿?, accent
To do sports	practicar/hacer deportes	Punctuation
To go out with my friends	salir con <b>mis</b> amigos	Spelling & pronunciation

A = **un (m), una (f), unos (m plural) unas (f plural)**

The = **el (m), la (f), los (m plural) las (f plural)**

### Los deportes- Sports

English	Spanish	Check!
Football	El <b>fútbol</b>	Acute accent & spelling!
Horse riding	La equitación	Acute accent
Swimming	La natación	Acute accent
Tennis	El <b>tenis</b>	Spelling!



### Remember!

We use the verb 'jugar' when we talk about ball sports.  
We use the verb 'hacer' when we talk about sports without a ball.



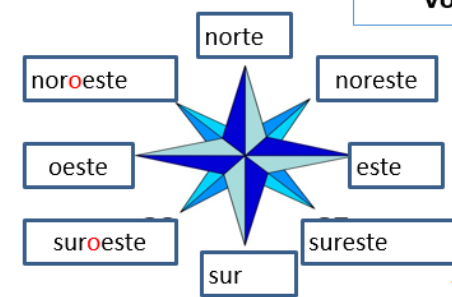
Jugar – to play		
yo	juego	I play
tú	juegas	You play
él/ella	juega	He/She plays
nosotros	jugamos	We play
vosotros	jugáis	You play
ellos/ellas	juegan	They play

Hacer – to do		
yo	hago	I do
tú	haces	You do
él/ella	hace	He/She does
nosotros	hacemos	We do
vosotros	hacéis	You do
ellos/ellas	hacen	They do



Key irregular verbs:

Soy= I am  
Tengo = I have  
Voy= I go



### El tiempo- The weather



English	Spanish	Check!
It's sunny	Hace sol	Hace = it is
It's rainy	Llueve	Spelling!
It's windy	Hay viento	Hay = it is/ there is



### Opinions



English	Spanish	Check!	Opinion + infinitve verb	Opinion + n for plurals!
I like	Me gusta(n)	Me ahead of gusta	Odio +bailar salsa	Me gusta mi gato
I don't like	No me gusta(n)	No ahead of the verb	Me gusta + leer	Me gustan mis gat <u>os</u>
I hate	Odio	NO <u>me</u> ahead of odio		

Check **word order** and **adjective endings!**  
Tengo los **ojos azules** = I have **blue eyes**.  
Tengo el pelo **castaño** = I have **brown hair**  
**Adjectives always follow the noun!!**



**Key irregular verbs:**  
  
Soy= I am  
Tengo = I have  
Voy= I go

## Year 8 Most Common Mistakes 2!

### Donde vivo yo- Where I live

English	Spanish	Check!
I live in the north	Vivo en el norte	'En el'!
We live	Vivimos	<b>NOT vivamos/vivemos!</b>
The outskirts	Las afueras	<b>Spelling: Las afeuras X</b>

	Vivir – to live	
yo	vivo	I live
tú	vives	You live
él/ella	vive	He/She lives
nosotros	vivimos	We live
vosotros	vivís	You live
ellos/ellas	viven	They live

A = **un (m), una (f), unos (m plural) unas (f plural)**

The = **el (m), la (f), los (m plural) las (f plural)**

### Prepositions

English	Spanish	Check!
It's on the left	Es a la izquierda	está= it is
It's behind	Está detras	<b>Spelling and missing word!</b> Está detrás de

	Estar – to be	
yo	estoy	I am
tú	estás	You are
él/ella	está	He/She is
nosotros	estamos	We are
vosotros	estáis	You are
ellos/ellas	están	They are

Las expresiones de tiempo	
Una vez	Once
Dos veces	Twice
Al día	Per day
A la semana	Per week
Al mes	Per month
Todos los días	Every day
Cada día	Every day
Cada semana	Every week

		Vestirse – to get dressed	
yo	me	visto	I get dressed
tú	te	vistes	You get dressed
él/ella	se	viste	He/She gets dressed
nosotro s	no s	vestim os	We get dressed
vosotro s	os	vestís	You get dressed
ellos/ell as	se	visten	They get dressed

### Opinions

English	Spanish	Check!
I like	Me gusta(n)	<b>Me ahead of gusta</b>
I don't like	No me gusta(n)	<b>No ahead of the verb</b>
I hate	Odio	<b>NO me ahead of odio</b>



**Remember, the following colours don't change for masculine/ feminine:**  
Rosa  
Naranja  
Verde  
Marrón  
Gris  
Azúl



(1) - AR	hablar – to talk	
yo	hablo	I talk
tú	hablas	You talk
él/ella	habla	He/She talks
nosotros	hablamos	We talk
vosotros	habláis	You all talk
ellos/ellas	hablan	They talk

Verbos AR	
estudiar	to study
repasar	to revise
usar	to use
cocinar	to cook
trabajar	to work
gritar	to shout

(4) - IRREG	Tener – to have	
yo	tengo	I have
tú	tienes	You have
él/ella	tiene	He/She has
nosotros	tenemos	We have
vosotros	tenéis	You all have
ellos/ellas	tienen	They have

(2) - ER	Aprender – to learn	
yo	aprendo	I learn
tú	aprendes	You learn
él/ella	aprende	He/She learns
nosotros	aprendemos	We learn
vosotros	aprendéis	You all learn
ellos/ellas	aprenden	They learn

Verbos ER	
aprender	to learn
comer	to drink
correr	to run
hacer	to do

(5) - IRREG	Ser – to be	
yo	soy	I am
tú	eres	You are
él/ella	es	He/She is
nosotros	somos	We are
vosotros	sois	You all are
ellos/ellas	son	They are

(3) - IR	Vivir – to live	
yo	Vivo	I live
tú	Vives	You live
él/ella	Vive	He/She lives
nosotros	Vivimos	We live
vosotros	Vivís	You all live
ellos/ellas	Viven	They live

Verbos IR	
vivir	to live
escribir	to write
abrir	to open

(6) - IRREG	Estar – to be	
yo	estoy	I am
tú	estás	You are
él/ella	está	He/She is
nosotros	estamos	We are
vosotros	estáis	You all are
ellos/ellas	están	They are

# Verbos - El presente



(7) - IRREG	Hacer – to do/make	
yo	hago	I do
tú	haces	You do
él/ella	hace	He/She does
nosotros	hacemos	We do
vosotros	hacéis	You all do
ellos/ellas	hacen	They do

(8) - IRREG	Ir – to go	
yo	voy	I go
tú	vas	You go
él/ella	va	He/She is
nosotros	vamos	We go
vosotros	vais	You all go
ellos/ellas	van	They go

(9) - IRREG	salir – to go out	
yo	salgo	I go out
tú	sales	You go out
él/ella	sale	He/She is goes
nosotros	salimos	We gobout
vosotros	salís	You all go out
ellos/ellas	salem	They go out

## Cheeky Verbs

Cheeky Verbs		u > ue	Cheeky	jugar – to play	
yo	✓ Cheeky	yo	✓	juego	I play
tú	✓ Cheeky	tú	✓	juegas	You play
él/ella	✓ Cheeky	él/ella	✓	juega	He/She plays
nosotros	X No	nosotros	X	jugamos	We play
vosotros	X No	vosotros	X	jugáis	You all play
ellos/ellas	✓ Cheeky	ellos/ellas	✓	juegan	They play

u > ue	Cheeky	perder – to lose	
yo	✓	pierdo	I lose
tú	✓	pierdes	You lose
él/ella	✓	pierde	He/She loses
nosotros	X	perdimos	We lose
vosotros	X	perdéis	You all lose
ellos/ellas	✓	pierdan	They lose

volver – to return  
(o>ue)

e > ie	Cheeky	preferir – to prefer	
yo	✓	prefiero	I prefer
tú	✓	prefieres	You prefer
él/ella	✓	prefiere	He/She prefers
nosotros	X	preferimos	We prefer
vosotros	X	preferís	You all prefer
ellos/ellas	✓	prefieren	They prefer

pensar – to think  
(e>ie)



## Reflexive Verbs

Reflexive Pronouns		Reflexive Pronoun	Llamarse – to call (oneself)	
yo	Me	yo	Me	llam <u>o</u>   I call ( <b>myself</b> )
tú	Te	tú	Te	llam <u>as</u>   You call ( <b>yourself</b> )
él/ella	Se	él/ella	Se	llam <u>a</u>   He/She calls ( <b>him/her self</b> )
nosotros	Nos	nosotros	Nos	llam <u>amos</u>   We call ( <b>ourselves</b> )
vosotros	Os	vosotros	Os	llam <u>áis</u>   You all call ( <b>yourselves</b> )
ellos/ellas	Se	ellos/ellas	Se	llam <u>an</u>   They call ( <b>themselves</b> )

acostarse	to go to bed
afeitarse	to shave
bañarse	to bathe
ducharse	<b>to shower</b>
enfadarse	to get angry
lavarse	to wash
Levantarse	to get up
pelearse	to fight
peinarse	to comb
quedarse	to stay
sentarse	to sit

## The near future tense (el future inmediato)

By combining a form of the verb **ir** in the present tense with the preposition **a** and an **infinitive**, you can say what you or others are going to do in the near future.

Voy	}	+ a + infinitive
Vas		
Va		
Vamos		
Vais		
Van		

**Voy a ir** de vacaciones – I am going to go on holiday

**Vas a hacer** los deberes – You are going to do homework.

**Va a estudiar mucho** – He/She is going to study a lot.

**Vamos a ir** de vacaciones – We are going to go on holiday

**Vais a hacer** los deberes – You are all going to do homework.

**Van a ir** de vacaciones – They are going to go on holiday





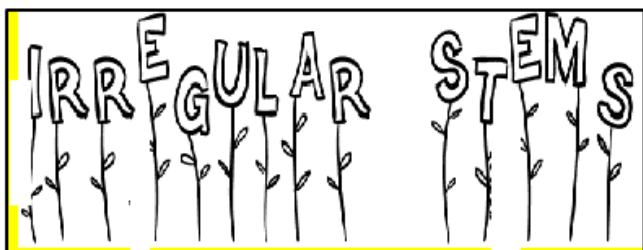
# The Conditional tense (el condicional)

The conditional is usually translated into English as 'would'. To form the conditional in Spanish, add the following endings to the infinitive form of the verb.

	AR, ER & IR
yo	ía
tú	ías
él/ella	ía
nosotros	íamos
vosotros	íais
ellos/ellas	ían

	hablar	comer	vivir
yo	hablaría	comería	comería
tú	hablarías	comerías	comerías
él/ella	hablaría	comería	comería
nosotros	hablaríamos	comeríamos	comeríamos
vosotros	hablaríais	comeríais	comeríais
ellos/ellas	hablarían	comerían	comerían

**Note that the irregular verbs in the future tense are also irregular in the conditional**



Poner	To put	Pondr-
Decir	To say	Dir-
Haber	To have	Habr-
Salir	To go out	Saldr-
Hacer	To do	Har-
Poder	To be able	Pod-
Tener	To have	Tendr-
Querer	To want	Querr-
Saber	To know	Sabr-
Venir	To come	Vendr-